Charles Raymond Greene (1901–1982)

Abstract
Charles Raymond Greene studied hormones and the effects of environmental conditions such as high-altitude on physiology in the twentieth century in the United Kingdom. Green researched frostbite and altitude sickness during his mountaineering expeditions, helping to explain how extreme environmental conditions effect respiration. Greene’s research on hormones led to a collaboration with physician Katarina Dalton that culminated in the development of the theory that progesterone caused premenstrual syndrome, a theory that became the basis for later research on the condition. In his later career Greene formed the Thyroid Club of London that brought together specialists in the emerging field on endocrinology. Greene’s research on progesterone and thyroid helped researchers study how of the endocrine system functions in women’s reproductive health.

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and the broadcaster and BBC executive Hugh Greene. It is said that in his teens he accompanied his sister Molly and expert rock climber Ashley Adams on an expedition to Pillar Rock in the Lake District. On this trip a rope malfunctioned and he is credited with saving the lives of his companions.